Element ID	Element Name	Element Description
		The Business Reference Model (BRM) is a function-driven framework for
		describing the business operations independent of the organizations that perform
		the. The Business Reference Model provides an organized, hierarchical construct
BRM	Business Reference Model	for describing the day-to-day business operations.
		The Services for Citizens Business Area describes the mission and purpose of State
		government in terms of the services it provides both to and on behalf of
		Californians. It includes the delivery of person-focused, public, and collective
DD14.4	Continue (or Citi and (DDM))	goods and/or benefits as a service and/or obligation of State government to the
BRM 1	Services for Citizens (BRM)	benefit and protection of the State's general population.
		Community and Social Services includes all activities aimed at creating, expanding,
		or improving community and social development, social relationships, and social
		services in California. This includes all activities aimed at locality-specific or
		statewide social development and general social services. This Line of Business
		includes general community development and social services programs, as well as
BRM 1.01	Community and Social Services (BRM)	earned and unearned benefit programs that promote these objectives.
		Homeownership Promotion includes activities devoted to assisting citizens
		interested in buying homes and educating the public as to the benefits of
DD144.04.4	Harris (DDM)	homeownership. NOTE: Activities devoted to the provision of housing to low-
BRM 1.01.1	Homeownership Promotion (BRM)	income members of the public are located in the Housing Assistance Sub-Function.
		Community and Regional Development involves activities designed to assist
		communities in preventing and eliminating blight and deterioration, assist
	Community and Regional Development	economically distressed communities, and encourage and foster economic
BRM 1.01.2	(BRM)	development through improved public facilities and resources.
		Social Services are designed to provide meaningful opportunities for social and
		economic growth of the disadvantaged sector of the population in order to
		develop individuals into productive and self-reliant persons and promote social
		equity. Included in this category are social welfare services extended to children
		and adults with special needs, such as the orphaned, neglected, abandoned, disabled, etc. Such services include family life education and counseling, adoption,
		guardianship, foster family care, rehabilitation services, etc. Note: This Sub-
		function does not include services that are primarily for income support (e.g.,
		Income Security) or are an integral part of some other Line of Business (e.g.,
BRM 1.01.3	Social Services (BRM)	Health, Workforce Management, etc.).
	,	Correctional Activities involves all State activities that ensure the effective
BRM 1.02	Correctional Activities (BRM)	incarceration and rehabilitation of convicted criminals.
		Criminal Incarceration includes activities associated with the housing, custody and
BRM 1.02.1	Criminal Incarceration (BRM)	general care of criminals serving time in penitentiaries.
		Criminal Pohabilitation includes all government activities deveted to servicing
		Criminal Rehabilitation includes all government activities devoted to providing convicted criminals with the educational resources and life skills necessary to
BRM 1.02.2	Criminal Rehabilitation (BRM)	rejoin society as responsible and contributing members.
		Defense and Security protects and advances California interests in deterring
		attacks against California's people, infrastructure and environment and, if
BRM 1.03	Defense and Security (BRM)	deterrence fails, decisively defeat threats to those interests.
		Strategic Defense involves establishing objectives; sequencing initiatives; defining
		limits and assessing risks for the use of the military; developing plans to achieve
		these objectives; and providing military forces and other capabilities in accordance
BRM 1.03.1	Strategic Defense (BRM)	with strategic plans.

Element ID	Element Name	Element Description
		Operational Defense involves linking tactics and strategy by establishing
		operational objectives needed to accomplish the strategic objectives, sequencing
		events to achieve the operational objectives, initiating actions, and applying
BRM 1.03.2	Operational Defense (BRM)	resources to bring about and sustain these events.
		Tactical Defense involves focusing on the ordered arrangement and maneuver of
		combat elements in relation to each other and to the enemy to achieve combat
BRM 1.03.3	Tactical Defense (BRM)	objectives.
		Disaster Management involves the activities required to prepare for, mitigate,
BRM 1.04	Disaster Management (BRM)	respond to, and repair the effects of all disasters, whether natural or manmade.
511111 210 1	2 isaster management (2 iii)	respond to, and repair the encode of an associatio, meetic meetic of maintained
		Disaster Monitoring and Prediction involves the actions taken to predict when and
		where a disaster may take place and communicate that information to affected
		parties. Note: Weather forecasting, while central to Disaster Monitoring and
		Prediction, is more closely aligned with the "Environmental Monitoring and
BRM 1.04.1	Disaster Monitoring and Prediction (BRM)	Forecasting" sub-function in the Environmental Management Line of Business.
BKW 1.04.1	Disaster Monitoring and Frediction (BitM)	
		Disaster Preparedness and Planning involves the development of response
		programs to be used in case of a disaster as well as pre-disaster mitigation efforts
		to minimize the potential for loss of life and property. This involves the
		development of emergency management programs and activities as well as
DD144043		staffing and equipping regional response centers, and mitigation focused
BRM 1.04.2	Disaster Preparedness and Planning (BRM)	construction and preparation.
		Disaster Repair and Restore involves the cleanup and restoration activities that
		take place after a disaster. This involves the cleanup and rebuilding of homes,
		buildings, roads, environmental resources, or infrastructure that may be damaged
BRM 1.04.3	Disaster Repair and Restore (BRM)	due to a disaster.
		Emergency Response involves the immediate actions taken to respond to a
		disaster. These actions include, but are not limited to, providing mobile
		telecommunications, operational support, power generation, search and rescue,
BRM 1.04.4	Emergency Response (BRM)	and medical life-saving actions.
		Economic Development includes the activities required to promote
		commercial/industrial development and to regulate the California financial
		industry to protect investors. It also includes the management and control of the
		domestic economy and the money supply, and the protection of intellectual
BRM 1.05	Economic Development (BRM)	property and innovation.
		Business and Industry Development supports activities related to the creation of
		economic and business opportunities and stimulus, and the promotion of financial
		and economic stability for corporations and citizens involved in different types of
BRM 1.05.1	Business and Industry Development (BRM)	business.
		Industry Sector Income Stabilization involves all programs and activities devoted
		to assisting adversely impacted industrial sectors (e.g., farming, commercial
		transportation, etc.) to ensure the continued availability of their services for the
BRM 1.05.2	Industry Sector Income Stabilization (BRM)	public and the long-term economic stability of these sectors.
		Intellectual Property Protection involves all activities to protect and promote the
		ownership of ideas and control over the tangible or virtual representation of those
		ideas, including inventions and discoveries; literary and artistic works; and
BRM 1.05.3	Intellectual Property Protection (BRM)	symbols, names, images, and designs used in commerce.
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
		Financial Sector Oversight involves the regulation of private sector firms and
		markets (e.g., stock exchanges, corporations, etc.) to protect investors from fraud,
BRM 1.05.4	Financial Sector Oversight (BRM)	monopolies, and illegal behavior. This also includes deposit protection.

Element ID	Element Name	Element Description
-		
		Education refers to those activities that impart knowledge or understanding of a
		particular subject to the public. Education can take place at a formal school,
		college, university or other training program. This Line of Business includes all
		government programs that promote the education of the public, including both
BRM 1.06	Education (BRM)	earned and unearned benefit programs.
	,	Elementary, Secondary, and Vocational Education refers to the provision of
		education in elementary subjects (reading and writing and arithmetic); education
	Elementary, secondary, and vocational	provided by a high school or college preparatory school; and vocational and
BRM 1.06.1	education (BRM)	technical education and training.
DI((V) 1.00.1	Cudcation (Bittin)	Higher Education refers to education beyond the secondary level; specifically,
BRM 1.06.2	Higher education (PPM)	
BRIVI 1.00.2	Higher education (BRM)	education provided by a college or university.
		Cultural and Historic Preservation involves all activities performed by State
		government to collect and preserve information and artifacts important to the
		culture and history of California and its citizenry; and, the education of California
BRM 1.06.3	Cultural and Historic Preservation (BRM)	and United States citizens, and the world.
		Cultural and Historic Exhibition includes all activities undertaken by the California
		government to promote education through the exhibition of cultural, historical,
BRM 1.06.4	Cultural and Historic Exhibition (BRM)	and other information, archives, art, etc.
		Energy refers to all actions performed by the government to ensure the
		procurement and management of energy resources, including the production, sale
		and distribution of energy, as well as the management of spent fuel resources.
		Energy management includes all types of mass-produced energy (e.g.,
		hydroelectric, nuclear, wind, solar, or fossil fuels). Also included in this Line of
BRM 1.07	Energy (BRM)	Business is the oversight of private industry.
		Energy Supply involves all activities devoted to ensuring the availability of an
BRM 1.07.1	Energy Supply (BRM)	adequate supply of energy for California and its citizens.
		Energy Consequentian and Dranayadness involves protection of anarry resources
		Energy Conservation and Preparedness involves protection of energy resources
		from over consumption to ensure the continued availability of fuel resources and
	Energy Conservation and Preparedness	to promote environmental protection. This Line of Business also includes
BRM 1.07.2	(BRM)	measures taken to ensure the provision of energy in the event of an emergency.
		Energy Resource Management involves the management and oversight of energy
BRM 1.07.3	Energy Resource Management (BRM)	producing resources including facilities, dams, land, and offshore resources.
DI 1107.5	Energy resource management (Bran)	Energy Production involves the transformation of raw energy resources into
BRM 1.07.4	Energy Production (BRM)	useable, deliverable energy.
JIIIVI 1.07.4	Licity i roduction (billy)	ascasse, activeraste energy.
		Environmental Management includes all functions required to monitor the
		environment and weather, determine proper environmental standards and ensure
BRM 1.08	Environment Management (BRM)	their compliance, and address environmental hazards and contamination.
133		Environmental Monitoring and Forecasting involves the observation and
		prediction of environmental conditions. This includes but is not limited to the
		monitoring and forecasting of water quality, water levels, ice sheets, air quality,
	Environmental Menitoring and Foresesting	
DDM 1 00 1		regulated and non-regulated emissions, as well as the observation and prediction
BRM 1.08.1	(BRM)	of weather patterns and conditions.
1		Environmental Remediation supports the immediate and long-term activities
		associated with the correcting and offsetting of environmental deficiencies or
BRM 1.08.2	Environmental Remediation (BRM)	imbalances, including restoration activities.
		Pollution Prevention and Control includes activities associated with identifying
		, -
		appropriate pollution standards and controlling levels of harmful substances
DD14 1 05 5	Bull the Burney of the Control of th	emitted into the soil, water and atmosphere from manmade sources.
BRM 1.08.3	Pollution Prevention and Control (BRM)	Environmental mitigation projects are also included in this business line.

Element ID	Element Name	Element Description
		General Science and Innovation includes all State activities to advance knowledge
		in this area. This includes general research and technology programs, space
		exploration activities, and other research and technology programs that have
		diverse goals and cannot be readily classified into another Line of Business or Sub-
BRM 1.09	General Science and Inovation (BRM)	function.
		Scientific and Technological Research and Innovation includes all State activities
		whose goal is the creation of new scientific and/or technological knowledge as a
	Size III Size and Track and a Size and Size	goal in itself, without a specific link to the other LoBs or Sub-functions of the BRM.
BRM 1.09.1	Scientific and Technology Research &	NOTE: Research and development programs that directly support another Service
BRIVI 1.09.1	Innovation (BRM)	for Citizen should not be included here. Space Exploration and Innovation includes all activities devoted to innovations
		directed at human and robotic space flight and the development and operation of
		space launch and transportation systems, and the general research and
BRM 1.09.2	Space Exploration and Innovation (BRM)	exploration of outer space.
BI((V) 1.03.2	Space Exploration and Innovation (Billy)	Health involves State programs and activities to ensure and provide for the health
		and wellbeing of the public. This includes the direct provision of health care
		services and immunizations as well as the monitoring and tracking of public health
		indicators for the detection of trends and identification of widespread
		illnesses/diseases. It also includes both earned and unearned health care benefit
BRM 1.10	Health (BRM)	programs.
		Access to Care focuses on the access to appropriate care. This includes
		streamlining efforts to receive care; ensuring care is appropriate in terms of type,
		care, intensity, location and availability; providing seamless access to health
		knowledge, enrolling providers; performing eligibility determination, and
BRM 1.10.1	Access to Care (BRM)	managing patient movement.
		Population Health Management and Consumer Safety assesses health indicators
		and consumer goods and products as a means to protect and promote the health
		of the general population. This includes monitoring of health, health planning, and
		health management of humans, animals, animal products, and plants, as well as
		tracking the spread of diseases and pests. Also includes evaluation of consumer
		goods and products, drug, and foods to assess the potential risks and dangers;
	Population Health Management and	education of the consumer and the general population; and facilitation of health
BRM 1.10.2	Consumer Safety (BRM)	promotion and disease and injury prevention.
		Health Care Administration assures that State health care recourses are expended
		Health Care Administration assures that State health care resources are expended effectively to ensure quality, safety, and efficiency. This includes managing health
BRM 1.10.3	Health Care Administration (BRM)	care quality, cost, workload, utilization, and fraud/abuse efforts.
DINIVI 1.10.3	Treatti Care Autilinistration (BRW)	Health Care Delivery Services provides and supports the delivery of health care to
		its beneficiaries. This includes assessing health status; planning health services;
1		ensuring quality of services and continuity of care; and managing clinical
BRM 1.10.4	Health Care Delivery Services (BRM)	information and documentation.
		Health Care Research and Provider (including practitioner and public health
		worker) Education fosters advancement in health discovery and knowledge. This
		includes developing new strategies to handle diseases; promoting health
		knowledge advancement; identifying new means for delivery of services, methods,
	Health Care Research & Health Provider	decision models and practices; making strides in quality improvement; managing
BRM 1.10.5	Education (BRM)	clinical trials and research quality; and providing for provider education.
		Homeland Security involves protecting California against terrorist attacks. This
		includes analyzing threats and intelligence, guarding borders and airports,
BRM 1.11	Homeland Security (BRM)	protecting critical infrastructure, and coordinating responses to emergencies.

Element ID	Element Name	Element Description
		Border and Transportation Security includes appropriately facilitating or deterring
		entry and exit of people, goods, and conveyances at and between California ports
		of entry, as well as ensuring the security of transportation and infrastructure
BRM 1.11.1	Border and Transportation Security (BRM)	networks, facilities, vehicles, and personnel within California.
		Key Asset and Critical Infrastructure Protection involves assessing key asset and
		critical infrastructure vulnerabilities and taking direct action to mitigate
	Key Asset and Critical Infrastructure	vulnerabilities, enhance security, and ensure continuity and necessary redundancy
BRM 1.11.2	Protection (BRM)	in government operations and personnel.
		Catastrankia Dafanas invalvas the davalanment of tash palasical savintarina assuras
		Catastrophic Defense involves the development of technological countermeasures (e.g., chemical, biological, radiological and nuclear [CBRN]) to terrorist threats,
		conducting laboratory testing on new and promising devices, and conducting basic
BRM 1.11.3	Catastrophic Defense (BRM)	and applied science that can lead to the development of countermeasures.
511141 1.111.5	Catastropine Detense (Billi)	and applied soletice that can lead to the development of countermediates.
		Income Security includes activities designed to ensure that members of the public
		are provided with the necessary means – both financial and otherwise – to sustain
		an adequate level of existence. This includes all benefit programs, both earned
BRM 1.12	Income Security (BRM)	and unearned, that promote these goals for members of the public.
		General Retirement and Disability involves the development and management of
		retirement benefits, pensions, and income security for those who are retired or
BRM 1.12.1	General Retirement and Disability (BRM)	disabled.
		Unemployment Compensation provides income security to those who are no
BRM 1.12.2	Unemployment Compensation (BRM)	longer employed, while they seek new employment.
		Housing Assistance involves the development and management programs that
		provide housing to those who are unable to provide housing for themselves
BRM 1.12.3	Housing Assistance (BRM)	including the rental of single-family or multifamily properties, and the management and operation of State supported housing properties.
DIVIVI 1.12.3	Housing Assistance (BRW)	intallagement and operation of state supported housing properties.
		Food and Nutrition Assistance involves the development and management of
		programs that provide food and nutrition assistance to those members of the
BRM 1.12.4	Food and Nutrition Assistance (BRM)	public who are unable to provide for these needs themselves.
		Survivor Compensation provides compensation to the survivors of individuals
		currently receiving or eligible to receive benefits from State government. This
		includes, but is not limited to, survivors such as spouses or children of veterans or
BRM 1.12.5	Survivor Compensation BRM)	wage earners eligible for social security payments.
		Intelligence Operations involves collecting and analyzing information to meet the
		national security challenges of California by processing reliable, accurate
DDM 4 4 2	Intelligence Operations (DDM)	intelligence, and disseminating intelligence products to policymakers, military
BRM 1.13	Intelligence Operations (BRM)	commanders, and other consumers.
		Intelligence Planning and Direction/Needs – establishes the intelligence
	Intelligence Planning and Direction/Needs	requirements of the Governor, the Office of Homeland Security, the Military
BRM 1.13.1	(BRM)	Department, and other officials in major departments and governmental agencies.
		Intelligence Collection involves the gathering of raw data from multiple sources
BRM 1.13.2	Intelligence Collection (BRM)	from which finished intelligence is produced.
		Intelligence Analysis and Production converts large amounts of data to a form
		suitable for the production of finished intelligence to include translation,
		decryption, and interpretation of information stored on film and magnetic media
BRM 1.13.3	Intelligence Analysis & Production (BRM)	through the use of highly refined photographic and electronic processes.
DDN4.4.42.4	Disconsingtion (DDMA)	
BRM 1.13.4	Dissemination (BRM)	Dissemination consists of delivering the intelligence products to consumers.

Element ID	Element Name	Element Description
		International Affairs and Commerce involves the non-military activities that
		promote California policies and interests beyond our national borders, including
		the negotiation of agreements and conflict resolution. In addition, this function
		includes: foreign economic development and social/political development;
		humanitarian, technical and other developmental assistance to key nations; and
BRM 1.14	International Affairs and Commerce (BRM)	
		Global Trade refers to those activities State government undertakes to advance
		worldwide economic prosperity by increasing trade through the opening of
BRM 1.14.1	Global Trade (BRM)	overseas markets and freeing the flow of goods, services, and capital.
		Law Enforcement involves activities to protect people, places, and things from
		criminal activity resulting from non-compliance with California laws. This includes
		patrols, undercover operations, response to emergency calls, as well as arrests,
BRM 1.15	Law Enforcement (BRM)	raids, and seizures of property.
		Criminal Apprehension involves activities associated with the tracking, arrest,
		detention, and transportation of groups or individuals believed to be responsible
BRM 1.15.1	Criminal Apprehension (BRM)	for committing State crimes.
		Criminal Investigation and Surveillance includes collecting evidence required to
	Criminal Investigation and Surveillance	determine responsibility for a crime and monitoring and questioning affected
BRM 1.15.2	(BRM)	parties.
		Citizen Protection involves all activities performed to protect the general
BRM 1.15.3	Citizen Protection (BRM)	population of California from criminal activity.
		Crime Prevention entails all efforts designed to create safer communities through
		the control and reduction of crime by addressing the causes of crime and reducing
BRM 1.15.4	Crime Prevention (BRM)	opportunities for crimes to occur.
		Leadership Protection involves all activities performed to protect the health and
BRM 1.15.5	Leadership Protection (BRM)	well being of high-level government officials.
		Property Protection entails all activities performed to ensure the security of
BRM 1.15.6	Property Protection (BRM)	civilian and government property.
		Substance Control supports activities associated with the enforcement of laws
BRM 1.15.7	Substance Control (BRM)	regarding legal substances (e.g., alcohol and tobacco) and illegal narcotics.
		Litigation and Judicial Activities refers to those activities relating to the
BRM 1.16	Litigation and Judicial Activities (BRM)	administration of justice.
		Judicial Hearings includes activities associated with proceedings (usually by a court
		of law) where evidence is taken for the purpose of determining an issue of fact
BRM 1.16.1	Judicial Hearing (BRM)	and reaching a decision based on that evidence.
		Legal Defense includes those activities associated with the representation of a
BRM 1.16.2	Legal Defense (BRM)	defendant in a criminal or civil proceeding.
		Legal Investigation includes activities associated with gathering information about
		a given party (government agency, citizen, or corporation) that would be
BRM 1.16.3	Legal Investigation (BRM)	admissible in a court of law in an attempt to determine a legal question or matter.
		Legal Prosecution and Litigation includes all activities involved with presenting a
		case in a legal proceeding both in a criminal or civil court of law in an attempt to
BRM 1.16.4	Legal Prosecution and Litigation (BRM	prove guilt/responsibility.
		Resolution Facilitation refers to those activities outside a court of law, such as
		mediation and arbitration, which may be used in an attempt to settle a dispute
BRM 1.16.5	Resolution Facilitation (BRM)	between two or more parties (government agency, citizen, or corporation).
		Natural Resources includes all activities involved in conservation planning, land
		management, and state park/monument tourism that affect the State's natural
		and recreational resources, both public and private. Note: Energy-related natural
BRM 1.17	Natural Resources (BRM)	resources are covered in the Energy Management Line of Business.

Element ID	Element Name	Element Description
		Water Resource Management includes all activities that promote the effective use
		and management of the State's water resources. Notes: Environmental protection
		of water resources is included in the Environmental Management Line of Business.
		Hydroelectric energy production is included in the Energy Production Sub-
BRM 1.17.1	Water Resource Management (BRM)	Function.
		Conservation, Marine and Land Management involves the responsibilities of
		surveying, maintaining, and operating public lands and monuments, as well as
		activities devoted to ensuring the preservation of land, water, wildlife, and natural
		resources. It also includes the sustainable stewardship of natural resources on
	Conservation, Marine and Land	State owned/controlled lands for commercial use (e.g., mineral mining, grazing,
BRM 1.17.2	Management (BRM)	forestry, fishing, etc.).
		Recreational Resource Management and Tourism involves the management of
	Recreational Resource Management and	state parks, monuments, and tourist attractions as well as visitor centers,
BRM 1.17.3	Tourism (BRM)	campsites, and park service facilities.
	, ,	
		Agricultural Innovation and Services involves the creation and dissemination of
		better methods for farming and forestry, including the development of improved
BRM 1.17.4	Agricultural Innovation and Services (BRM)	and healthier agricultural and forestry products.
		Transportation involves all State-supported activities related to the safe passage,
BRM 1.18	Transportation (BRM)	conveyance, or transportation of goods and/or people.
		Air Transportation involves the activities related to the safe passage of passengers
		or goods through the air. It also includes command and control activities related to
		the safe movement of aircraft through all phases of flight for commercial and
		military operations. Note: The protection of air transportation from deliberate
		attack is included in the Transportation Security Sub-function in the Homeland
BRM 1.18.1	Air Transportation (BRM)	Security Line of Business.
		Ground Transportation involves the activities related to ensuring the availability of
		transit and the safe passage of passengers and goods over land. Note: The
		protection of ground transportation from deliberate attack is included in the
BRM 1.18.2	Ground Transportation (BRM)	Transportation Security Sub-Function in the Homeland Security Line of Business.
		Water Transportation involves the activities related to ensuring the availability of
		transit and the safe passage of passengers and goods over sea and water. Note:
		The protection of maritime transportation from deliberate attack is included in the
BRM 1.18.3	Water Transportation (BRM)	Transportation Security Sub-function in the Homeland Security Line of Business.
		Space Operations involves the activities related to the safe launches/missions of
		passengers or goods into aerospace and includes commercial, scientific, and
BRM 1.18.4	Space Operations (BRM)	military operations.
		Workforce Management includes those activities that promote the welfare of the
		State's workforce by improving their working conditions, advancing opportunities
BRM 1.19	Workforce Management (BRM)	for profitable employment, and strengthening free collective bargaining.
		Training and Employment includes programs of job or skill training, employment
		services and placement, and programs to promote the hiring of marginal,
BRM 1.19.1	Training and Employment (BRM)	unemployed, or low-income workers.
		Labor Birlin Adams and a familiar thousands at the second state of
		Labor Rights Management refers to those activities undertaken to ensure that
		employees and employers are aware of and comply with all statutes and
DD444455		regulations concerning labor rights, including those pertaining to wages, benefits,
BRM 1.19.2	Labor Rights Management (BRM)	safety and health, whistleblower, and non-discrimination policies.
DD144400	Manhan Cafata (2004)	Worker Safety refers to those activities undertaken to save lives, prevent injuries,
BRM 1.19.3	Worker Safety (BRM)	and protect the health of California's workers.

	The Mode of Delivery Business Area is tightly coupled with the Services for Citizens
	Business Area, and it describes the mechanisms the government uses to achieve
	the purpose of government. In other words, the Mode of Delivery represents the
Mode of Delivery (BRM)	vehicle by which State government delivers its Services to Citizens.
	Credit and Insurance involves the use of government funds to cover the subsidy
	cost of a direct loan or loan guarantee or to protect/indemnify members of the
Credit and Insurance (BRM)	public from financial losses.
	General Insurance involves providing protection to individuals or entities against
	specified risks. The specified protection generally involves risks that private sector
	entities are unable or unwilling to assume or subsidize and where the provision of
General Insurance (BRM)	insurance is necessary to achieve social objectives.
	Loop Cuprantons in taken and appropriate insurance or other plades with respect to
	Loan Guarantees involve any guarantee, insurance, or other pledge with respect to
	the payment of all or a part of the principal or interest on any debt obligation of a
	non-State borrower to a non-State lender, but does not include the insurance of
Loan Guarantees (BRM)	deposits, shares, or other withdraw able accounts in financial institutions.
	Direct Loans involve a disbursement of funds by the government to a non-State
	borrower under a contract that requires the repayment of such funds with or
Direct Loans (BRM)	without interest.
	Direct Services for Citizens refers to the delivery of a good or service to (or on
	behalf of) the citizenry by State government with no other intervening persons,
Direct Services to Citizens (BRM)	conditions, or organizations.
	Military Operations, under proper authority, organize, resource and train forces
Military Operations (BRM)	with unique capabilities, serving the community state and nation.
	Civilian Operations describes the direct provision of a non-military service for the
Civilian Operations (BRM)	citizen by government employees.
	State Financial Assistance refers to the provision of earned and unearned financial
State Financial Assistance (BRM)	or monetary-like benefits to individuals, groups, or corporations.
(, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
	State Grants involves the disbursement of funds by State government to a
	nonState entity to help fund projects or activities. This includes the processes
	associated with grant administration, including the publication of funds availability
	notices, development of the grant application guidance, determination of grantee
	eligibility, coordination of the peer review/evaluation process for competitive
State Grants (non-Local) (BRM)	grants, the transfer of funds, and the monitoring/oversight as appropriate.
	Direct Transfers to Individuals involves the disbursement of funds from State
	government directly to beneficiaries (individuals or organizations) who satisfy
	State eligibility requirements with no restrictions imposed on the recipient as to
	how the money is spent. Direct Transfers include both earned and unearned State
	entitlement programs such as Medicare, Social Security, unemployment benefits,
Direct Transfers to Individuals (BRM)	etc.
, ,	Subsidies involve State government financial transfers that reduce costs and/or
Subsidies (BRM)	increase revenues of producers.
	Tax Credits allow a special exclusion, exemption, or deduction from gross income
	or which provide a special credit, a preferential rate of tax, or a deferral of tax
	liability designed to encourage certain kinds of activities or to aid taxpayers in
Tax Credits (BRM)	special circumstances.
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Knowledge Creation and Management involves the programs and activities in
Knowledge Creation and Management	which State government creates or develops a body or set of knowledge, the manipulation and analysis of which can provide inherent benefits for both the
	Credit and Insurance (BRM) General Insurance (BRM) Coan Guarantees (BRM) Direct Loans (BRM) Direct Services to Citizens (BRM) Civilian Operations (BRM) State Financial Assistance (BRM) State Grants (non-Local) (BRM) Direct Transfers to Individuals (BRM) Subsidies (BRM)

Element ID	Element Name	Element Description
		Research and Development involves the gathering and analysis of data,
		dissemination of results, and development of new products, methodologies, and
BRM 2.4.1	Research & Development (BRM)	ideas.
		General Purpose Data and Statistics includes activities performed in providing
		empirical, numerical, and related data and information pertaining to the current
		State of the State in areas such as the economy, labor, weather, international
BRM 2.4.2	General Purpose Data and Statistics (BRM)	trade, etc.
		Advising and Consulting involves the guidance and consultative services provided
		by State government to support the implementation of a specific Service for
BRM 2.4.3	Advising and Consulting (BRM)	Citizen.
		Knowledge Dissemination addresses those instances where the primary method
		used in delivering a service is through the publishing or broadcasting of
		information. It is not intended to address circumstances where the publication of
		information is a byproduct of the actual Mode of Delivery. For example, an agency
		might perform research (the Mode of Delivery) addressing a particular service for
		citizen (for example environmental management) and as a result publish a report
		on the findings. In this instance, the research would be the mode of delivery and
BRM 2.4.4	Knowledge Dissemination (BRM)	publishing the report would be a Support Delivery of Service.
		The construction, manufacturing, administration, and/or management of goods,
	Public Goods Creation and Management	structures, facilities, common resources, etc. used for the general well being of the
BRM 2.5	(BRM)	public or society at large.
		Manufacturing involves all programs and activities in which State government
BRM 2.5.1	Manufacturing (BRM)	produces both marketable and non-marketable goods.
		Construction involves all programs and activities in which State government builds
BRM 2.5.2	Construction (BRM)	or constructs facilities, roads, dams, etc.
		Public Resources, Facilities, & Infrastructure Management involves the
		management and maintenance of government owned capital goods and resources
		(natural or otherwise) on behalf of the public, usually with benefits to the
		community at large as well as to the direct user. Examples of facilities and
		infrastructure include schools, roads, bridges, dams, harbors, and public buildings.
	Information Infrastructure Management	Examples of resources include parks, cultural artifacts and art, endangered
BRM 2.5.3	(BRM)	species, oil reserves, etc.
		Information Infrastructure Management involves the management and
		stewardship of a type of information by State government and/or the creation of
		physical communication infrastructures on behalf of the public in order to
		facilitate communication. This includes the management of large amounts of
		information (e.g., environmental and weather data, criminal records, etc.), the
		creation of information and data standards relating to a specific type of
		information (patient records), and the creation and management of physical
	Public Resources, Facilities and Infra	communication infrastructures (networks) on behalf of the public. Note:
BRM 2.5.4	Management (BRM)	Information infrastructures for government use are not included here.
		Regulatory Compliance and Enforcement involves the direct monitoring and
		oversight of a specific individual, group, industry, or community participating in a
	Regulatory Compliance and Enforcement	regulated activity via market mechanisms, command and control features, or
BRM 2.6	(BRM)	other means to control or govern conduct or behavior.
22425		Inspections & Auditing involves the methodical examination and review of
BRM 2.6.1	Inspections and Auditing (BRM)	regulated activities to ensure compliance with standards for regulated activity.

Element ID	Element Name	Element Description
		Standard Setting / Reporting Guideline Development involves the establishment of
		allowable limits associated with a regulated activity and the development of
		reporting requirements necessary to monitor and control compliance with
		allowable limits. This includes the development of requirements for product
	Standard Setting/Reporting Guideline	sampling and testing, emissions monitoring and control, incident reporting,
BRM 2.6.2	Development (BRM)	financial filings, etc.
		Permits and Licensing involves activities associated with granting, revoking, and
		the overall management of the documented authority necessary to perform a
BRM 2.6.3	Permits and Licensing (BRM)	regulated task or function.
	Transfers to State and Local Government	Transfers to Local Governments involve the transfer of funds or financial
BRM 2.7	(BRM)	assistance from State government to Local governments.
		Formula Grants involves the allocation of money to Locals or their subdivisions in
		accordance with distribution formulas prescribed by law or administrative
BRM 2.7.1	Formula Grants (BRM)	regulation, for activities of a continuing nature.
DIMIT 2.7.1	Tormala Grants (Britt)	Project/Competitive Grants involves the funding, for fixed or known periods, of
		projects. Project/Competitive grants can include fellowships, scholarships,
		research grants, training grants, traineeships, experimental and demonstration
		grants, evaluation grants, planning grants, technical assistance grants, survey
DDM 2 7 2	Draiget/Compatitive Crants (DDM)	
BRM 2.7.2	Project/Competitive Grants (BRM)	grants, and construction grants.
		Earmarked Grants involves the distribution of money to local governments for a
DDM 2 7 2	Favorable d Coasta (BBAA)	named purpose or service usually specifically in appropriations language, or other
BRM 2.7.3	Earmarked Grants (BRM)	program authorizing language.
		Local Loans involve all disbursement of funds by the government to a local
	(224)	government entity under a contract that requires the repayment of such funds
BRM 2.7.4	Local Loans (BRM)	with or without interest.
		Support Delivery of Services provides the critical policy, programmatic and
BRM 3	Support Delivery of Services (BRM)	managerial foundation to support State government operations.
		Controls and Oversight ensures that the operations and programs of State
		government and its external business partners comply with applicable laws and
BRM 3.1	Controls & Oversight (BRM)	regulations and prevent waste, fraud, and abuse.
		Corrective Action involves the enforcement of activities to remedy internal or
		external programs that have been found noncompliant with a given law,
BRM 3.1.1	Corrective Action (BRM)	regulation, or policy.
		Program Evaluation involves the analysis of internal and external program
BRM 3.1.2	Program Evaluation (BRM)	effectiveness and the determination of corrective actions as appropriate.
		Program Monitoring involves the data gathering activities required to determine
		the effectiveness of internal and external programs and the extent to which they
BRM 3.1.3	Program Monitoring (BRM)	comply with related laws, regulations, and policies.
		Internal Risk Management and Mitigation involves all activities relating to the
	Internal Risk Management and Mitigation	processes of analyzing exposure to risk and determining appropriate
BRM 3.2	(BRM)	countermeasures.
		Contingency Planning involves the actions required to plan for, respond to, and
BRM 3.2.1	Contingency Planning (BRM)	mitigate damaging events.
		Continuity of Operations involves the activities associated with the identification
		of critical systems and processes, and the planning and preparation required to
		ensure that these systems and processes will be available in the event of a
BRM 3.2.2	Continuity of Operations (BRM)	catastrophic event.
		Service Recovery involves the internal actions necessary to develop a plan for
BRM 3.2.3	Service Recovery (BRM)	resuming operations after a catastrophic event occurs.
		Legislative Relations involves activities aimed at the development, tracking, and
BRM 3.3	Legislative Relations (BRM)	amendment of public laws through the legislative branch of State government.
		Legislation Tracking involves monitoring legislation from introduction to
BRM 3.3.1	Legislation Tracking (BRM)	enactment.
		I .

Element ID	Element Name	Element Description
		Legislation Testimony involves activities associated with providing
BRM 3.3.2	Legislation Testimony (BRM)	testimony/evidence in support of, or opposition to, legislation.
		Proposal Development involves drafting proposed legislation that creates or
BRM 3.3.3	Proposal Development (BRM)	amends laws subject to legislative action.
		Legislative liaison operations involves all activities associated with supporting the
BRM 3.3.4	Legislative Liaison Operations (BRM)	formal relationship between a State agency and the California Legislature.
		Planning and Budgeting involves the activities of determining strategic direction,
DDM 2.4	Diamaina and Dudantina (DDM)	identifying and establishing programs and processes, and allocating resources
BRM 3.4	Planning and Budgeting (BRM)	(capital and labor) among those programs and processes.
		Budget Formulation involves all activities undertaken to determine priorities for
		future spending and to develop an itemized forecast of future funding and
		expenditures during a targeted period of time. This includes the collection and use
DDM 2 4 4	Dudget Fermulation (DDAA)	of performance information to assess the effectiveness of programs and develop
BRM 3.4.1	Budget Formulation (BRM)	budget priorities.
DDM 2 4 2	Conital Diamaia (DDAA)	Capital Planning involves the processes for ensuring that appropriate investments
BRM 3.4.2	Capital Planning (BRM)	are selected for capital expenditures.
		Enterprise Architecture is an established process for describing the current state
DDM 2 4 2	Enterprise Architecture (DDAA)	and defining the target state and transition strategy for an organization's people,
BRM 3.4.3	Enterprise Architecture (BRM)	processes, and technology.
		Strategic Planning entails the determination of annual and long-term goals and the
BRM 3.4.4	Strategic Planning (BRM)	identification of the best approach for achieving those goals.
BINIVI 3.4.4	Strategic Flamming (BRW)	Budget Execution involves the legal (apportionment) and managerial (allotment
		and sub-allotment) distribution of budget authority to achieve results consistent
BRM 3.4.5	Budget Execution (BRM)	with the formulated budget.
511117 51 115	Budget Exception (Billin)	Workforce Planning involves the processes for identifying the workforce
		competencies required to meet the agency's strategic goals and for developing the
BRM 3.4.6	Workforce Planning (BRM)	strategies to meet these requirements.
		Management Improvement includes all efforts to gauge the ongoing efficiency of
BRM 3.4.7	Management Improvement (BRM)	business processes and identify opportunities for reengineering or restructuring.
		Budget and Performance Integration involves activities that align State resources
		allocated through budget formulation, execution, and management actions with
		examinations of program objectives, performance, and demonstrated results such
	Budget and Performance Integration	as performance-based agency budget submissions, and Financial Management
BRM 3.4.8	(BRM)	Cost Accounting and Performance Measurement data.
		Tax and Fiscal Policy encompasses analysis of the implications for economic
		growth and stability in California and the state tax and spending policies. This
		includes assessing the sustainability of current programs and policies, the best
00143.40	T	means for raising revenues, the distribution of tax liabilities, and the appropriate
BRM 3.4.9	Tax and Fiscal Policy (BRM)	limits on debt.
		Public Affairs involve the exchange of information and communication between
DDM 2 5	Dublic Affairs (DDAA)	State government, citizens and stakeholders in direct support of citizen services
BRM 3.5	Public Affairs (BRM)	and public policy.
		Customer Services cumparts activities associated with providing an agency's
		Customer Services supports activities associated with providing an agency's
DDM 2 E 1	Customer Service (RPM)	customers with information regarding the agency's service offerings and managing
BRM 3.5.1	Customer Service (BRM)	the interactions and relationships with those customers. Official Information Dissemination includes all efforts to provide official
		government information to external stakeholders through the use of various types
BRM 3.5.2	Official Information Dissemination (BRM)	of media, such as video, paper, web, etc.
סיצונו סיצוער דיי	Omciai imormation Dissellillation (DRIVI)	الما التحقيق عندا مع التحق المعادر الم

Element ID	Element Name	Element Description
		Product Outreach relates to the marketing of government services products, and
DD14253	Devide the Colored (DDM)	programs to the general public in an attempt to promote awareness and increase
BRM 3.5.3	Product Outreach (BRM)	the number of customers/beneficiaries of those services and programs.
DDM 2 E 4	Dublic Polations (PDM)	Public Relations involves the efforts to promote an organization's image through
BRM 3.5.4	Public Relations (BRM)	the effective handling of citizen concerns.
BRM 3.6	Regulatory Development (BRM)	Regulatory Development involves activities associated with developing regulations, policies, and guidance to implement laws.
DKIVI 3.0	Regulatory Development (BRIVI)	regulations, policies, and guidance to implement laws.
		Policy and Guidance Development – involves the creation and dissemination of
BRM 3.6.1	Policy and Guidance Development (BRM)	guidelines to assist in the interpretation and implementation of regulations.
		Public Comment Tracking involves the activities of soliciting, maintaining, and
BRM 3.6.2	Public Comment Tracking (BRM)	responding to public comments regarding proposed regulations.
		Regulatory Creation involves the activities of researching and drafting proposed
BRM 3.6.3	Regulatory Creation (BRM)	and final regulations.
		Rule Publication includes all activities associated with the publication of a
BRM 3.6.4	Rule Publication (BRM)	proposed or final rule.
		Revenue Collection includes the collection of government income from all sources.
		Note: Tax collection is accounted for in Taxation Management Sub-function in the
BRM 3.7	Revenue Collection (BRM)	General Government Line of Business.
		Debt Collection supports activities associated with the collection of money owed
BRM 3.7.1	Debt Collection (BRM)	to the California government.
		User Fee Collection involves the collection of fees assessed on individuals or
		organizations for the provision of Government services and for the use of
BRM 3.7.2	User Fee Collection (BRM)	Government goods or resources (e.g. State Parks).
		Chata A and Calan are a serious de la cativitation and a sixth de la cativitation
		State Asset Sales encompasses the activities associated with the acquisition,
BRM 3.7.3	State Asset Sales (BRM)	oversight, tracking, and sale of non-internal assets managed by State government with a commercial value and sold to the private sector.
DIXIVI 3.7.3	State Asset Sales (BNW)	with a confinertial value and sold to the private sector.
		General Government involves the general overhead costs of State government,
		including legislative and executive activities; provision of central fiscal, personnel,
		and property activities; and the provision of services that cannot reasonably be
		classified in any other Line of Business. As a normal rule, all activities reasonably or
		closely associated with other LoBs or Sub-functions shall be included in those LoBs
		or Sub-functions rather than listed as a part of general government. This Line of
		Business is reserved for central government management operations; agency-
BRM 3.8	General Government (BRM)	specific management activities would not be included here.
		Central Fiscal Operations includes the fiscal operations that the Department of
		Finance, State Controller's Office, Treasurer's Office and Department of General
		Services performs on behalf of the government. Note: Tax-related functions are
BRM 3.8.1	Central Fiscal Operations (BRM)	included within the Taxation Management Sub-function.
BRM 3.8.2	Legislative Functions (BRM)	Legislative Functions include the costs of the Legislative Branch.
BRM 3.8.3	Executive Functions (BRM)	Executive Functions involve the Governor's Office.
DDM 2.0.1	Control Branch Marian (2011)	Central Property Management involves most of the operations of the Department
BRM 3.8.4	Central Property Management (BRM)	of General Services.
DDM20F	Control Dercopnel Management (DDAA)	Central Personnel Management involves most of the operating costs of the State
BRM 3.8.5	Central Personnel Management (BRM)	Personnel Board and Department of Personnel Administration.
		Taxation Management includes activities associated with the implementation of
BRM 3.8.6	Taxation Management (BRM)	the state tax codes and the collection of taxes in California.
חיסיר ואוזים	Tavation Management (DUM)	the state tax codes and the confection of taxes in California.

Element ID	Element Name	Element Description
		Central Records and Statistics Management involves the operations surrounding
		the management of official documents, statistics, and records for the entire State
		government. This Sub-function is intended to include the management of records
		and statistics for State government as a whole. Note: Many agencies perform
		records and statistics management for a particular business function and as such
		should be mapped to that line of business. The Central Records and Statistics
	Central Records and Statistics	Management is intended for functions performed on behalf of the entire State
BRM 3.8.7	Management (BRM)	government.
	Management of Government Resources	Management of Government Resources refers to the support activities that enable
BRM 4	(BRM)	the government to operate efficiently.
		Supply Chain Management involves the purchasing, tracking, and overall
BRM 4.1	Supply Chain Management (BRM)	management of goods and services.
		Goods Acquisition involves the procurement of physical goods, products, and
BRM 4.1.1	Goods Acquisition (BRM)	capital assets to be used by State government.
		Inventory Control refers to the tracking of information related to procured assets
BRM 4.1.2	Inventory Control (BRM)	and resources with regard to quantity, quality, and location.
		Logistics Management involves the planning and tracking of personnel and their
BRM 4.1.3	Logistics Management (BRM)	resources in relation to their availability and location.
		Services Acquisition involves the oversight and/or management of contractors and
BRM 4.1.4	Services Acquisition (BRM)	service providers from the private sector.
		Human Resource Management involves all activities associated with the
BRM 4.2	Human Resource Management (BRM)	recruitment and management of personnel.
		HR Strategy develops effective human capital management strategies to ensure
		State organizations are able to recruit, select, develop, train, and manage a high-
		quality, productive workforce in accordance with merit system principles. This sub-
		function includes: conducting both internal and external environmental scans;
		developing human resources and human capital strategies and plans; establishing
		human resources policy and practices; managing current and future workforce
		competencies; developing workforce plans; developing succession plans;
		managing the human resources budget; providing human resources and human
		capital consultative support; and measuring and improving human resources
BRM 4.2.01	HR Strategy (BRM)	performance.
		Staff Acquisition establishes procedures for recruiting and selecting high-quality,
		productive employees with the right skills and competencies, in accordance with
		merit system principles. This sub-function includes: developing a staffing strategy
		and plan; establishing an applicant evaluation approach; announcing the vacancy,
		sourcing and evaluating candidates against the competency requirements for the
BRM 4.2.02	Staff Acquisition (BRM)	position; initiating pre-employment activities; and hiring employees.
		Organization and Position Management designs, develops, and implements
		organizational and position structures that create a high-performance,
	Organization & Position Management	competency-driven framework that both advances the agency mission and serves
BRM 4.2.03	(BRM)	agency human capital needs.
		Compensation Management designs, develops, and implements compensation
		programs that attract, retain and fairly compensate agency employees. In
		addition, designs, develops, and implements pay for performance compensation
		programs to recognize and reward high performance, with both base pay increases
		and performance bonus payments. This sub-function includes: developing and
DDM 4 2 04		implementing compensation programs; administering bonus and monetary
	Commence tion Manager (DDA4)	awards programs; administering pay changes; managing time, attendance, leave
BRM 4.2.04	Compensation Management (BRM)	and pay; and managing payroll.

Element ID	Element Name	Element Description
		Benefits Management designs, develops, and implements benefit programs that
		attract, retain and support current and former agency employees. This sub-
		function includes: establishing and communicating benefits programs; processing
BRM 4.2.05	Benefits Management (BRM)	benefits actions; and interacting as necessary with third party benefits providers.
		Employee Performance Management designs, develops, and implements a
		comprehensive performance management approach to ensure agency employees
		are demonstrating competencies required of their work assignments. Design,
		develop and implement a comprehensive performance management strategy that
		enables managers to make distinctions in performance and links individual
		performance to agency goal and mission accomplishment. This sub-function also
DD144206	Employee Performance Management	includes managing employee performance at the individual level and evaluating
BRM 4.2.06	(BRM)	the overall effectiveness of the agency's employee development approach.
		Employee Relations designs, develops, and implements programs that strive to
		maintain an effective employer-employee relationship that balance the agency's
		needs against its employees' rights. This sub-function includes: addressing
		employee misconduct; addressing employee performance problems; managing
		administrative grievances; providing employee accommodation; administering
		employees assistance programs; participating in administrative third party
BRM 4.2.07	Employee Relations (BRM)	proceedings; and determining candidate and applicant suitability.
		Labor Relations manages the relationship between the agency and its unions and
		bargaining units. This includes negotiating and administering labor contracts and
		collective bargaining agreements; managing negotiated grievances; and
BRM 4.2.08	Labor Relations (BRM)	participating in negotiated third party proceedings.
		Separation Management conducts efficient and effective employee separation
		programs that assist employees in transitioning to non-State employment;
BRM 4.2.09	Separation Management (BRM)	facilitates the removal of unproductive, non-performing employees; and assists employees in transitioning to retirement.
DIAW 1.2.03	Separation management (Simi)	employees in a distributing to retirement.
		Human Resources Development designs, develops, and implements a
		comprehensive employee development approach to ensure that agency
		employees have the right competencies and skills for current and future work
		assignments. This sub-function includes conducting employee development needs
		assessments; designing employee development programs; administering and
		delivering employee development programs; and evaluating the overall
BRM 4.2.10	Human Resources Development (BRM)	effectiveness of the agency's employee development approach.
DD1443	A 1	Administrative Management involves the day-to-day management and
BRM 4.3	Administrative Management (BRM)	maintenance of the internal infrastructure.
		Facilities, Fleet, and Equipment Management involves the maintenance,
	Facilities, Fleet and Equipment	administration, certification and operation of office buildings, fleets, machinery,
BRM 4.3.1	Management (BRM)	and other capital assets that are possessions of State government.
		Help Desk Services involves the management of a service center to respond to
BRM 4.3.2	Help Desk Services (BRM)	government and contract employees' technical and administrative questions.
		Security Management involves the physical protection of an organization's
		personnel, assets, and facilities (including security clearance management). Note:
		Activities related to securing data and information systems are addressed under
BRM 4.3.3	Security Management (BRM)	the "Information Systems Security" Sub-function.
	, , ,	Travel involves the activities associated with planning, preparing, and monitoring
BRM 4.3.4	Travel (BRM)	of business related travel for an organization's employees.
	-	

Element ID	Element Name	Element Description
		Workplace Policy Development and Management includes all activities required to
	Workplace Policy Development and	develop and disseminate workplace policies such as dress codes, time reporting
BRM 4.3.5	Management (BRM)	requirements, telecommuting, etc.
		Information and Technology Management involves the coordination of
	Information and Technology Management	information and technology resources and systems required to support or provide
BRM 4.4	(BRM)	a service.
		Lifecycle/Change Management involves the processes that facilitate a smooth
		evolution, composition, and workforce transition of the design and
1		implementation of changes to agency resources such as assets, methodologies,
BRM 4.4.1	Lifecycle/Change Management (BRM)	systems, or procedures.
		System Development supports all activities associated with the in-house design
BRM 4.4.2	System Development (BRM)	and development of software applications.
		System Maintenance supports all activities associated with the maintenance of in-
BRM 4.4.3	Systems Maintenance (BRM)	house designed software applications.
		IT Infrastructure Maintenance involves the planning, design, and maintenance of
		an IT Infrastructure to effectively support automated needs (e.g., platforms,
BRM 4.4.4	IT Infrastructure Maintenance (BRM)	networks, servers, printers, etc.).
		Information Systems Security involves all functions pertaining to the protection of
		State information and information systems from unauthorized access, use,
DD14.4.4.5	Lefe and the Control Control (DDAA)	disclosure, disruptions, modification, or destruction, as well as the creation and
BRM 4.4.5	Information Systems Security (BRM)	implementation of security policies, procedures and controls.
DDM 4 4 C	Decords Detention (DDAA)	Record Retention involves the operations surrounding the management of the
BRM 4.4.6	Records Retention (BRM)	official documents and records for an agency.
		Information Management involves the coordination of information collection,
		storage, and dissemination, and destruction as well as managing the policies,
BRM 4.4.7	Information Management (BRM)	guidelines, and standards regarding information management.
DICIVITY.4.7	internation wanagement (Billy)	gardennes, and standards regarding morniation management.
		Information Sharing relates to any method or function, for a given business area,
		facilitating: data being received in a usable medium by one or more departments
		or agencies as provided by a separate department or agency or other entity; and
		data being provided, disseminated or otherwise made available or accessible by
		one department or agency for use by one or more separate departments or
BRM 4.4.8	Information Sharing (BRM)	agencies, or other entities, as appropriate.
		System and Network Monitoring supports all activities related to the real-time
BRM 4.4.9	System & Network Monitoring (BRM)	monitoring of systems and networks for optimal performance.
		The use of financial information to measure, operate and predict the effectiveness
		and efficiency of an entity's activities in relation to its objectives. The ability to
		obtain and use such information is usually characterized by having in place
		policies, practices, standards, and a system of controls that reliably capture and
BRM 4.5	Financial Management (BRM)	report activity in a consistent manner.
		Accounting entails accounting for assets, liabilities, fund balances, revenues and
DDM 4 F 4		expenses associated with the maintenance of State funds and expenditure of State
	Associating (DDAA)	appropriations (Salaries and Expenses, Operation and Maintenance, Procurement,
BRM 4.5.1	Accounting (BRM)	Working Capital, Trust Funds, etc.), in accordance with applicable State standards.
		Funds Control includes the management of the State hudget process including the
		Funds Control includes the management of the State budget process including the development of plans and programs, budgets, and performance outputs as well as
		financing State programs and operations through appropriation and
		apportionment of direct and reimbursable spending authority, fund transfers,
BRM 4.5.2	Funds Control (BRM)	investments and other financing mechanisms.
DI (17) 7.J.Z	r arias control (Billy)	processing and other maneing meenanisms.

Business Reference Model

Element ID	Element Name	Element Description
		Payments includes disbursements of State funds, via a variety of mechanisms, to
		State and private individuals, State agencies, local governments, and the private
		sector, to effect payment for goods and services, or distribute entitlements,
BRM 4.5.3	Payments (BRM)	benefits, grants, subsidies, loans, or claims.
		Collections and Receivables includes deposits, fund transfers, and receipts for
BRM 4.5.4	Collections and Receivables (BRM)	sales or service.
		Asset and Liability Management provides accounting support for the management
BRM 4.5.5	Asset and Liability Management (BRM)	of assets and liabilities of State government.
		Reporting and Information includes providing financial information, reporting and
BRM 4.5.6	Reporting and Information (BRM)	analysis of financial transactions.
		Cost Accounting / Performance Measurement is the process of accumulating,
		measuring, analyzing, interpreting, and reporting cost information useful to both
		internal and external groups concerned with the way in which an organization
		uses, accounts for, safeguards, and controls its resources to meet its objectives.
		Cost accounting information is necessary in establishing strategic goals, measuring
		service efforts and accomplishments, and relating efforts to accomplishments.
	Cost Accounting / Performance	Also, cost accounting, financial accounting, and budgetary accounting all draw
BRM 4.5.7	Management (BRM)	information from common data sources.